

## 10MSPS 12-bit Analog Input Board for PCI AI-1204Z2-PCI



\* Specifications, color and design of the products are subject to change without notice.

### Features

**Maximum conversion speed is 10MSPS (100nsec), with simultaneous sampling of 4channels at a time**

The maximum conversion speed is 10MSPS (100nsec) and 4channels can be sampled simultaneously.

The range for each channel can be set independently by software to match the level of the input signal source.

(Input range :  $\pm 10V$ ,  $\pm 5V$ ,  $\pm 2.5V$ ,  $\pm 1.25V$  or  $0 - +10V$ ,  $0 - +5V$ ,  $0 - +2.5V$ )

Also features digital inputs and outputs (four LVTTTL level input and output ports respectively).

(requires the optional DT-E3 cable)

**Sampling can be controlled by software, conversion data comparison, external trigger, event controller output, and similar start and stop conditions**

Sampling can be setup to be started and stopped by software, conversion data comparison, external trigger, or event controller output. Control of sampling start and stop is completely independent and a separate setting is provided for each. It is also possible to specify that sampling stop after a specified number of samples.

The conversion data comparison function can perform level, in-range, and out-of-range comparisons on the conversion data.

**Incorporates a synchronization control connector for synchronized operation**

A synchronization control connector is provided for synchronized control of up to 16 boards. This means the number of channels can be increased simply by adding boards. It is also easy to synchronize operation with other CONTEC boards that have a synchronization control connector.

**Large buffer memory capacity and bus master transfer function allows continuous data acquisition at high speed for a long period**

Large buffer memory capacity (256M data) and bus master transfer function allows continuous data acquisition to be performed at high speed for a long period. Furthermore, this function can transfer large volumes of data between the board and the PC.

**BNC connector used for analog input pin**

The BNC connector used for the analog input has a characteristic impedance of  $50\Omega$  and is of a type commonly used for high speed analog signals. This makes it easy to connect to other devices with a BNC connector.

**Termination resistor selection function**

A  $50\Omega$  termination resistor can be set to minimize the distortion caused by the reflection of high-speed input signals. The input range cannot be set to  $\pm 10V$  or  $0$  to  $+10V$  when the termination resistor is used.

This product is a PCI bus-compliant interface board used to provide an analog signal input function on a PC.

Maximum conversion speed is 10MSPS (100nsec), with simultaneous sampling of four channels at a same time. Large buffer memory capacity (256M data) and bus master transfer function allow continuous data acquisition to be performed at high speed for a long period.

Sampling can be started and stopped by software, conversion data comparison (level comparison, in-range comparison, out-of-range comparison), external trigger, or event controller output.

Uses a BNC connector that can connect directly to the signal source.

Also features four digital input and output ports respectively (requires the optional DT-E3 cable).

Windows device driver is supported with this product.

- \* The contents in this document are subject to change without notice.
- \* Visit the CONTEC website to check the latest details in the document
- \* The information in the data sheets is as of July, 2025.

**Digital filter function included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on external input signals**

A digital filter is included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on the digital input signals.

**Software-based calibration function**

Calibration of analog input can be all performed by software. Apart from the adjustment information prepared before shipment, additional adjustment information can be stored according to the use environment.

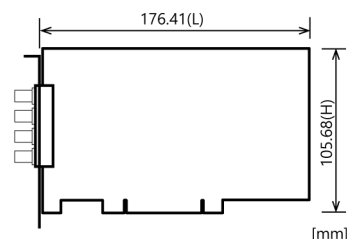
**Windows compatible driver software is provided**

Using the driver software API-AIO(WDM), which can be downloaded from the CONTEC website, makes it possible to create applications of Windows. In addition, a Diagnostic Program to confirm the hardware operations is included in the software as well.

### Included Items

Product [AI-1204Z2-PCI] ...1  
Please read the following ... 1  
Synchronization Control Cable ... 1

### Physical Dimensions



The standard outside dimension (L) is the distance from the end of the board to the outer surface of the slot cover.

### Support Software

You can use CONTEC support software according to your purpose and development environment.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable languages, or to download the latest version of software, visit the CONTEC Web site.

Name	Contents	How to get
Driver software API-AIO(WDM)	The API-AIO(WDM) is the Windows version driver software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program useful for checking operation is provided.	Download from the CONTEC website

Download the files from the following URL  
<https://www.contec.com/download/>

## Specifications

### Function specification

Item	Description
Analog input	Isolated specification
	Input type
	Input channel
	Input range
	Maximum input voltage *1
	Input impedance
	Resolution
	Conversion accuracy *2*4
	Non-linear error *2*3*4
	Conversion speed
	Passband (-3dB)
	Buffer memory
	Conversion start trigger
	Conversion stop trigger
	External start signal
	External stop signal
	External clock signal
	External status output signal
Digital input	Number of input channels
	Input type
Digital output	Number of output channels
	Output format
Bus master section	DMA channels
	Transfer bus width
	FIFO
	Scatter/Gather function
Synchronization bus section	Control output signal
	Control input signal
	Max. board count for connection
	Connector used (CN3, CN4)
Common section	I/O addresses
	Interrupt level
	Connector used
	Current consumption
	Operating condition
	Bus specification
	Physical dimensions (mm)
	Weight

\*1 Do not input voltages in excess of the maximum input voltage. Similarly, do not input voltage exceeding 1.5 times the range being used, even if less than the maximum input voltage. Inputting too high a voltage may cause a fault.

\*2 The rated precision may not be achieved depending on the cable used.

\*3 The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0°C and 50°C ambient temperature.

\*4 A R6166[ADVANTEST] voltage generator was used for measurements.

\*5 The initial value of the buffer memory is 500K data. Refer to the driver software help for information on how to change the memory size and configurable range. Depending on the OS and PC configuration used, it may not be possible to set the buffer memory to the maximum capacity.

\*6 This product requires +5V power supply from the expansion slot (it does not work in a +3.3V environment).

### Installation Environment Requirements

Item	Description
Operating ambient temperature	0 - +50°C
Operating ambient humidity	10 - 90%RH (No condensation)
Floating dust particles	Not to be excessive
Corrosive gases	None
Line-noise resistance	Line noise
	Static electricity resistance
Vibration resistance	Sweep resistance
Shock resistance	
Standard	

### Optional Products

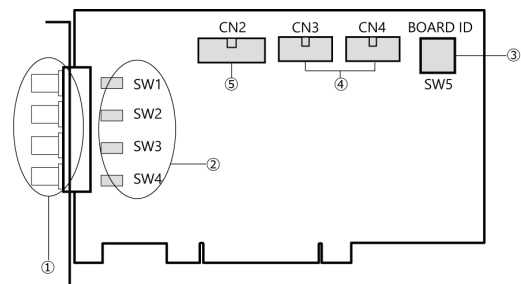
Product Name	Model type	Description
BNC Cable	BNC-B100	1m
	BNC-B200	2m
	BNC-B300	3m
Conversion Cable (16-Pin to 15-Pin) with Bracket	DT-E3	150mm
Shielded Cable with Connector on both sides for 15-pin D-Type Connector	PCB15PS-15P *1*2	1.5m
General Purpose Terminal (M3 x 15P)	FTP-15 *3	

\* Visit the CONTEC website for the latest optional products.

### CAUTION

If a product other than our optional one is used, the normal operation may be impaired or the functions may be limited.

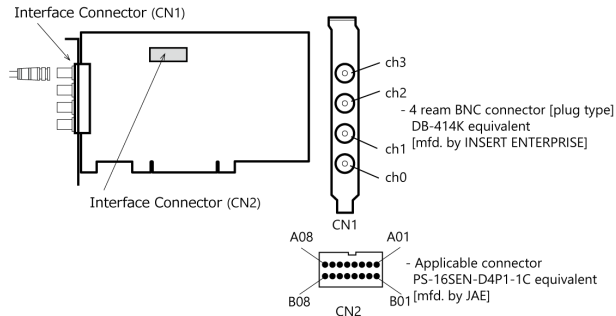
### Component Name



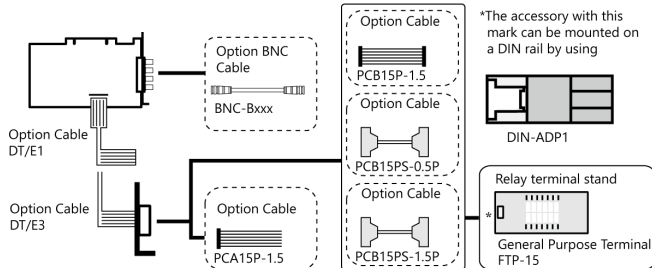
No.	Name	No.	Name
1	Interface Connector	4	Connector for Synchronization control
2	Termination register switch	5	Connector for digital I/O signal, control signal
3	Setting Switches		

## Connecting an Interface Connector

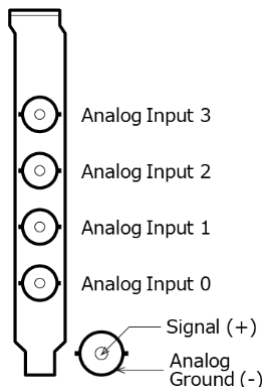
To connect an external device to this product, plug the cable from the device into the interface connector (CN1, CN2) shown below.  
This product has five interface connectors: the (CN1, BNC connector) for analog inputs and the (CN2, 16-pin pin-header connector) for digital inputs/outputs.



## Examples of Connecting Options



## Layout on the Interface Connector (CN1)



Signal name	Description
Analog Input0 - Analog Input3	Analog input signals. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Analog ground common to analog input signals.

### CAUTION

If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.

## Layout on the Interface Connector (CN2)

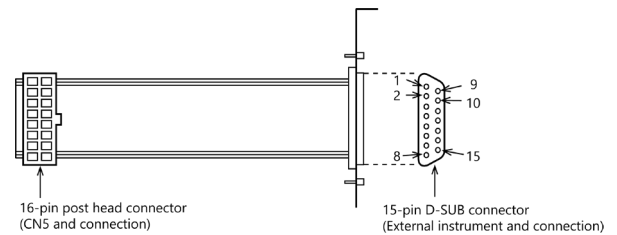
Pin Number	Signal name	Pin Number	Signal name
A01	Digital Output 0	B01	Digital Output 1
A02	Digital Output 2	B02	Digital Output 3
A03	Digital Ground	B03	Digital Input 0
A04	Digital Input 1	B04	Digital Input 2
A05	Digital Input 3	B05	External Start Trigger Input
A06	External Stop Trigger Input	B06	External Sampling Clock Input
A07	AI Status Output	B07	Digital Ground
A08	N.C	B08	N.C

Signal name	Description
Digital Input 0 - Digital Input 3	Digital input signal.
Digital Out 0 - Digital Output 3	Digital output signal.
External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input signal for sampling start conditions.
External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input signal for sampling stop conditions.
External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input signal.
AI Status Output	Output the status signal.
Digital Ground	Digital ground common to each signal.
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

### CAUTION

Do not connect any of the outputs to the analog or digital ground.  
Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.

## Optional cable DT-E3



The diagram shows a 16-pin package with pins numbered 1 through 15. The pins are arranged in two rows of 8 pins each. The top row contains pins 1 through 8, and the bottom row contains pins 9 through 16. The pins are labeled as follows:

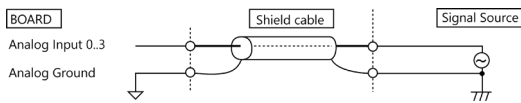
- Pin 1: Digital Output 0
- Pin 2: Digital Output 2
- Pin 3: Digital Ground
- Pin 4: Digital Input 1
- Pin 5: Digital Input 3
- Pin 6: External Stop Trigger Input
- Pin 7: AI Status Output
- Pin 8: Reserved
- Pin 9: Digital Output 1
- Pin 10: Digital Output 3
- Pin 11: Digital Input 0
- Pin 12: Digital Input 2
- Pin 13: External Start Trigger Input
- Pin 14: External Sampling Clock Input
- Pin 15: Digital Ground

Pin Number	Signal name	Pin Number	Signal name
1	Digital Output 0	9	Digital Output 1
2	Digital Output 2	10	Digital Output 3
3	Digital Ground	11	Digital Input 0
4	Digital Input 1	12	Digital Input 2
5	Digital Input 3	13	External Start Trigger Input
6	External Stop Trigger Input	14	External Sampling Clock Input
7	AI Status Output	15	Digital Ground
8	Reserved		

## Connecting Analog Input Signal

### Single-ended Input

The following figure shows an example of shielded cable connection. For the CN1 each analog input, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.



#### CAUTION

- Do not touch the external connector (BNC connector) when the power is on. Otherwise this may malfunction, cause a failure due to static electricity.
- If the signal source contains over 5MHz signals, the signal may effect the cross-talk noise between channels.
- If this product and the signal source receive noise or the distance between this product and the signal source is too long, data may not be input properly.
- The analog signal to be input should not exceed the maximum input voltage (based on this product analog ground). If it exceeds the maximum voltage, this product may be damaged.
- Input data remains indeterminate when no input pin is connected. The input pin for the channel not connected to the signal source must be connected to the analog ground.
- An input pin may fail to obtain input data normally when the signal source connected to the pin has high output impedance. If this is the case, change the signal source to one with lower output impedance or insert a high-speed amplifier buffer between the signal source and the analog input board to reduce the effect.

## Connecting Digital I/O & Control Signals

Digital I/O signals can be used as control I/O signals (external trigger input signals, sampling clock input signals, etc.). The following section shows examples of how to connect signals.

### 1. Digital I/O signals and Control signals Connection

This section shows an example of how to connect digital I/O signals and the control signals(external trigger input signals and sampling clock input signal) using flat cable.

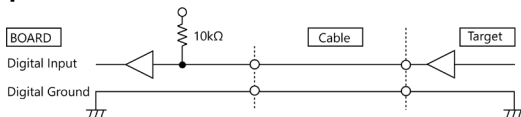
User can use an optional cable (DT/E1) or 15-pin D-SUB connector with bracket (DT-E3)and to connect your external devices to CN2.

Pulse (width : about 50nsec) synchronized with internal sampling clock is output to the AI Status Output pin. However, if the sampling clock setting is set to the external sampling clock input, level "L" is always output.

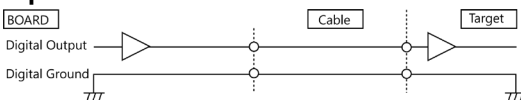
AI Status Output pin is an output in positive logic.

All the digital I/O signals and control signals are LVTTTL level signals.

#### Digital Input Connection



#### Digital Output Connection



#### CAUTION

- Do not connect any output signal to the analog or digital ground. Do not interconnect outputs. Doing either can cause a malfunction.
- If connected to each output, a pull-up resistor must be about 10 kΩ to pull up with a 3.3V power source.
- Each input accepts 5V TTL signals.

## Synchronization Control Connectors

### 1. Synchronization Control Connectors

Controlling simultaneous operations between boards or controlling in sync with events is in part dependent on software performance. In order to enhance the reliability of the entire system and to solve these problems, the board is equipped with SC (Synchronization Control) connectors.

Connecting the SC connectors allows boards of the same or different models to operate in sync with one another.

From the boards connected with the SC cable, select one master board

and use others as slaves. On the master board, set the signal to be supplied to the slave boards with the software. On the slave boards, the signal from the master board can be set to either the pacer clock operation start or stop factor.

All board operations can also be stopped with a stop request from the master in case of an error, for example, or when requested from a slave board. A maximum of 16 boards can be connected including the master.

For more information on the setup procedure, see the driver software online help.

#### Example 1: When clock start and stop requirements are set the same for multiple boards

In order to synchronize master clock start and stop with slave boards you can build a synchronous system which does not depend on software processing capabilities.

If the board model is the same, data remains synchronized among boards even when channels are expanded. When board models are different, data still remains compatible since operating clock start and stop are dependent on the master.

- 1 Connect the SC cable.
- 2 Designate master/slave with the software.
- 3 Assign to the connectors the clock start and stop signals to be output from the master.
- 4 Set up slave boards so they can utilize all signals.
- 5 Start in order of slave to master boards.

#### CAUTION

- When clock signals are assigned to the synchronization control connector, the maximum clock frequency is restricted to 5MHz.
- When signals are assigned to the synchronization control connector, a delay of approximately 100nsec occurs at the slave board.

#### Example 2: When controlling slave operations with master's internal events

By outputting an internal event (interrupt) occurring on the master board, the slaves can start operating in sync with that signal.

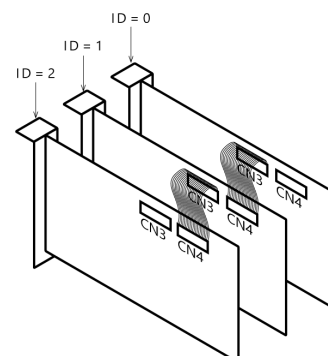
- 1 Connect the SC cable.
- 2 Designate master/slave with the software.
- 3 Assign to the connector the event signal to be output from the master.
- 4 Set signals from the master to the start requirements on the slave boards.
- 5 Start in order of slave to master boards.

### 2. Connecting the Sync Connectors (CN3, CN4)

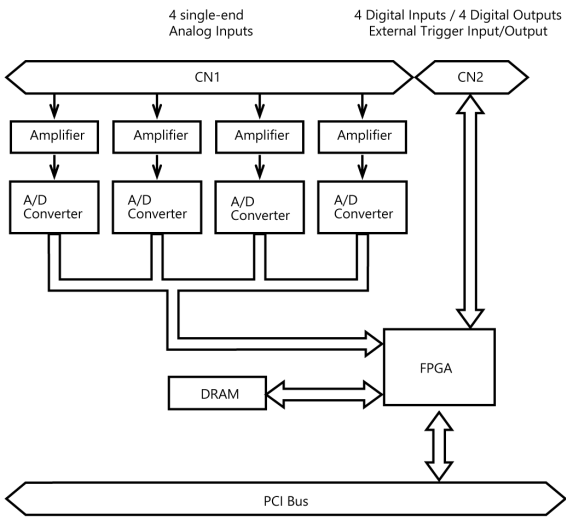
This product is equipped with sync signal control connectors (CN3 and CN4) for connecting a sync signal cable. When the cable is connected, multiple products can operate in sync with one another.

#### Connection Procedure

Connect the sync signal cable when two or more boards need to operate in sync with one another. Connect CN3 with a smaller ID number to CN4 with a greater ID number with the cable. You should only use the cable that came with the board.



Circuit Block Diagram



Differences between this product and our earlier models

Item	AI-1204Z-PCI	AI-1204Z2-PCI
Buffer memory	32M data (Max.)	256M data (Max.)
I/O addresses	64 ports x 1, 64 ports x 1 boundary	64 ports x 1, 128 ports x 1 boundary